Physics 4410 Quantum Mechanics 2

Lecture 12

Translation symmetry

September 21, 2020

1. Describe (loosely) what symmetries are in quantum mechanics. How is particle indistinguishability a symmetry? **2.** Suppose [A, B] = 0. Then A and B are simultaneously diagonalizable.

3. Describe what happens when H commutes with momentum p.

4. Consider a particle moving on a lattice with

$$H = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\alpha |n\rangle \langle n| - \beta |n\rangle \langle n+1| - \beta |n+1\rangle \langle n| \right].$$

Explain how this is a (one-dimensional) model for an electron moving in a crystalline lattice.

5. Now define the discrete translation operator:

$$T = \sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} |n + 1\rangle \langle n|.$$

Show that [H,T] = 0.

6. Find the eigenvalues/eigenvectors of T.

7. Find the eigenvalues/eigenvectors of H.