## **Green's Reciprocity Principle**

Suppose we have a region of space R, and that if we place charge density  $\rho_1$  in R and surface charge density  $\sigma_1$  on  $\partial R$ , we obtain  $\varphi_1$  by solving Poisson's equation; similarly, we get  $\varphi_2$  for charge densities  $\rho_2$  and  $\sigma_2$  in R and  $\partial R$  representively.

Green's reciprocity theorem states that

$$\int_{R} \rho_1 \varphi_2 \mathrm{d}V + \int_{\partial R} \sigma_1 \varphi_2 \mathrm{d}S = \int_{R} \rho_2 \varphi_1 \mathrm{d}V + \int_{\partial R} \sigma_2 \varphi_1 \mathrm{d}S.$$

(a) Prove Green's reciprocity theorem from first principles.

Green's reciprocity theorem has some clever uses. For example, use it to solve the following problem:

(b) A charge q is placed inside two perfectly conducting parallel planes, separated by a distance d. The charge is a distance a away from one of the plates. Find the charge induced on both plates.

